

MPOG Cardiac Anesthesia Subcommittee Meeting December 22, 2021

Agenda

- Welcome & quick summary of progress
- Cardiac procedure type phenotype update
- Hypothermia avoidance (TEMP-06) update and review of validation
- Hyperthermia avoidance measures specification discussion
- Future measure discussion of preliminary data
- Next steps





Introductions

- ASPIRE Quality Team
 - Allison Janda, MD MPOG Cardiac Anesthesia Subcommittee Lead
 - Michael Mathis, MD MPOG Director of Research
 - Kate Buehler, MSN Clinical Program Manager
- Cardiac Anesthesiology Representatives joining us from around the US!



General QI Committee Cardiac Considerations

TRAN-01: Percentage of cases with a blood transfusion that have a hemoglobin or hematocrit value documented prior to transfusion

- Exclude peds < 18y
- Exclude cardiac cases
- Exclude transfusion cases with profound/prolonged hypotension requiring vasopressor
- Massive Transfusion Exclusion: Update default PRBC unit definition change from 350 300mL

TRAN-02: Percentage of cases with a post transfusion hemoglobin or hematocrit value greater than or equal to 10 g/dL or 30%

- Exclude Patients < 18yo (per pediatric subcommittee)
- Exclude cardiac cases



General QI Committee Cardiac Considerations

NMB-01: Percentage of cases with a documented Train of Four (TOF) after last dose of non-depolarizing neuromuscular blocker

Remove cardiac exclusion

NMB-02: Administration of Neostigmine, Sugammadex, and/or Edrophonium before extubation for cases with non-depolarizing neuromuscular blockade

Remove cardiac exclusion



Cardiac Procedure Type Phenotype

- Schema:
 - Sequentially bins cases based on utilized fields if present
- Current Status:
 - Public, continuing to test internally





Post-bypass Hypothermia Avoidance

- Current TEMP-03 Measure:
 - − % of patients, with procedures >60 minutes under GA/neuraxial, with at least one body temperature \ge 36°C
 - Excludes cardiac surgeries
- New TEMP-06 Measure:
 - % of patients, ≥ 18 years age, who undergo open cardiac surgical procedures under general anesthesia of >120 minutes for whom last non-artifact body temperature prior to anesthesia end was ≥ 35.5°C





TEMP-06 Measure Details

- Including open cardiac cases
- Last non-artifact temperature documented, if more than one, preferentially use **core temperature**
 - Use core temperature measure if present in the anesthesia record within 15 minutes of the last documented non-artifact body temperature
 - If no temp. documented or temp below 35.5C pre-anesthesia end, will accept temps up to 30 mins post-anesthesia end to account for identification and correction of hypothermia by the anesthesia team



TEMP-06 Measure Temperature Flow Chart





TEMP-06 Preliminary Performance (past 12 months)

TEMP 06 CARD Performance



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*plan to report "N/A" on dashboard for institutions with <100 cases/year meeting inclusion criteria

TEMP-06 – Next Steps

- Currently in PROD (as of today)
- Refining the measure will continue after we launch, please let us know if you see inappropriately flagged or passed cases on your dashboards





Hyperthermia Avoidance – Literature Review

- 2020 Updates from the Adult Cardiac Anesthesiology Section of STS¹
 - Avoidance of temp >37 while on bypass
- Guidelines for perioperative care in cardiac surgery: enhanced recovery after surgery recommendations²
 - Avoid >37C for arterial outlet blood temperature while on bypass
- STS Practice Guidelines for temperature management while on bypass ³
 - Avoid >37C for arterial outlet blood temperature while on bypass

2. Engelman DT, Ben Ali W, Williams JB, Perrault LP, Reddy VS, Arora RC, Roselli EE, Khoynezhad A, Gerdisch M, Levy JH, Lobdell K, Fletcher N, Kirsch M, Nelson G, Engelman RM, Gregory AJ, Boyle EM: Guidelines for Perioperative Care in Cardiac Surgery: Enhanced Recovery After Surgery Society Recommendations. JAMA Surg 2019 doi:10.1001/jamasurg.2019.1153

3. Engelman R, Baker RA, Likosky DS, Grigore A, Dickinson TA, Shore-Lesserson L, Hammon JW: The Society of Thoracic Surgeons, The Society of Cardiovascular Anesthesiologists, and The American Society of ExtraCorporeal Technology: Clinical Practice Guidelines for Cardiopulmonary Bypass--Temperature Management During Cardiopulmonary Bypass. J Cardiothorac Vasc Anesth 2015; 29:1104–13



Hyperthermia Avoidance – Literature Review

- ERAS cardiac recommendations ⁴
 - Avoid >37.9C while on bypass
- Current cardiac hyperthermia avoidance <u>Anesthesia Quality</u> <u>Institute measure</u>⁵
 - AQI65, for cerebral hyperthermia avoidance defines hyperthermia as ≥37C while on bypass
- On-bypass Hyperthermia Avoidance AmSECT Guidelines⁶
 - Limit arterial outlet blood temperature to <37C to avoid cerebral hyperthermia. (Class I, Level C)



6. Engelman R, Baker RA, Likosky DS, Grigore A, Dickinson TA, Shore-Lesserson L, Hammon JW: The Society of Thoracic Surgeons, The Society of Cardiovascular Anesthesiologists, and The American Society of ExtraCorporeal Technology: Clinical Practice Guidelines for Cardiopulmonary Bypass--Temperature Management During Cardiopulmonary Bypass.

J Cardiothorac Vasc Anesth 2015; 29:1104–13









Hyperthermia Avoidance Measure Details

• TEMP-07:

 - % of patients, ≥ 18 years age, who undergo open cardiac surgical procedures using cardiopulmonary bypass under general anesthesia of >120 minutes for whom the temperature did not rise above 37.5 degrees Celsius while on bypass for over 10 consecutive minutes

• Timing:

 Cardiopulmonary Bypass Start until Cardiopulmonary Bypass End (phenotypes exist but need improvement)





Hyperthermia Avoidance Measure Details

- Artifact algorithm:
 - Less than 32.0°C (89.6F)
 - Greater than 40.0°C (104.0F)
 - Any minute-to-minute jumps >0.5°C equivalent
 - Example: 0.125°C / 15s, 0.25°C / 30s, 1°C / 2mins

• Attribution:

 Any provider signed in for ≥40 minutes from bypass start until bypass end (or the provider signed in for the greatest number of minutes during this period, if this period is <40 minutes) per staff role





Hyperthermia Avoidance Measure Details

• Inclusions:

 All patients, 18 years of age or older, who undergo open cardiac surgical procedures using cardiopulmonary bypass (as determined by Procedure Type: Cardiac Open phenotype and Cardiopulmonary Bypass phenotype) under GA of ≥120 minutes

• Exclusions:

- ASA 6
- Organ harvest (CPT: 01990)
- Non-cardiac cases as defined as those cases not meeting criteria for the cardiac case type phenotype
- Within the general cardiac case type phenotype, exclude: Transcatheter/Endovascular, EP/Cath groups and Other Cardiac
- Non-CPB cases
- Cases with age <18



TEMP-07 Perfusionist Input

- TEMP-07:
 - % of patients, ≥ 18 years age, who undergo open cardiac surgical procedures using cardiopulmonary bypass under general anesthesia of >120 minutes for whom the temperature did not rise above 37.5 degrees Celsius while on bypass for over 5 consecutive minutes

• Exclusions/Limitations:

 If starting temp on initiation of bypass is >37.5, consider excluding that case, or excluding potentially the first 30 minutes of the bypass period





TEMP-07 Perfusionist Input

- Call for additional perfusionist input:
 - Please email me (<u>ajanda@med.umich.edu</u>) with the contact information of any potentially interested perfusionists
- Next perfusionist workgroup meeting:
 - End of January/early February
 - Will be invited to our next subcommittee meeting





Future Measure Planning

- Top ranked topics:
 - AKI avoidance
 - 75% ranked in top 3
 - AKI-01 version with just cardiac open cases?
 - Sharing data in next slide
 - Postop. pulmonary complication avoidance
 - 67% ranked in top 3
 - PUL-02 version with just open cardiac cases?
 - Extubation data in import manager would require a deep dig
 - Deeper dig: data is poor
 - Glucose management and hypotension avoidance
 - Both with 42% ranked in top 3
 - High variation with glucose performance
 - May be challenging to establish thresholds and exclusion periods for hypotension measures



Cardiac AKI Variation Data

 Adapted AKI-01: Percentage of cases that did not have AKI (the baseline creatinine increased more than 1.5 times within 7 postoperative days or the baseline creatinine level increased by = 0.3 mg/dL within 48 hours postoperatively) for open cardiac cases



Example of Glucose Variation Data

Adapted GLU-01 Measure:



- % of cases with perioperative glucose > 200 mg/dL with administration of insulin or glucose recheck within 60 minutes of original glucose measurement
 - 100% 90% 80% 70% Percent of Cardiac 60% Cases "Passed" for 50% Glucose >200 and 40% Treated 30% 20% 10% 0% Anonymized Institutions
- Mean: 85% SD: 11%

Example of Glucose Variation Data

Adapted GLU-01 Measure:



 % of cases with perioperative glucose > 180 mg/dL with administration of insulin or glucose recheck within 60 minutes of original glucose measurement



Example of Glucose Variation Data

Adapted GLU-01 Measure:



 % of cases with perioperative glucose > 150 mg/dL with administration of insulin or glucose recheck within 60 minutes of original glucose measurement



Goals

- Build 1 cardiac-specific measure in 2021
 - Post-bypass hypothermia avoidance
- Build 1 cardiac-specific measure in early 2022
 - On-bypass hyperthermia avoidance
- Plan and build next measure in mid-2022
 - AKI avoidance?
 - Glucose management?
 - Other?



Cardiac Anesthesia Subcommittee Membership

- Open to all anesthesiologists or those interested in improving cardiothoracic measures
 - Do not have to practice at an active MPOG institution
- Proposed 2022 Meeting Schedule
 - Winter 2022 Meeting: February/Early March 2022
 - Summer 2022 Meeting: June 2022
 - Fall 2022 Meeting: November 2022
- Thank you for using the forum for discussion between meetings

